

Infection prevention and control board assurance framework

4 May 2020, Version 1

Foreword

NHS staff should be proud of the care being provided to patients and the way in which services have been rapidly adapted in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Effective infection prevention and control is fundamental to our efforts. We have developed this board assurance framework to support all healthcare providers to effectively self-assess their compliance with PHE COVID-19 related infection prevention and control guidance and to identify risks. The general principles can be applied across all settings; acute and specialist hospitals, community hospitals, mental health and learning disability, and locally adapted.

The framework can be used to assure directors of infection prevention and control, medical directors and directors of nursing by assessing the measures taken in line with current guidance. It can be used to provide evidence and also as an improvement tool to optimise actions and interventions. The framework can also be used to assure trust boards.

Using this framework is not compulsory, however its use as a source of internal assurance will help support organisations to maintain quality standards.

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1. Introduction

As our understanding of COVID-19 has developed, PHE guidance on required infection prevention and control measures has been published, updated and refined to reflect the learning. This continuous process will ensure organisations can respond in an evidencebased way to maintain the safety of patients, services users and staff.

We have developed this framework to help providers assess themselves against the guidance as a source of internal assurance that quality standards are being maintained. It will also help them identify any areas of risk and show the corrective actions taken in response. The tool therefore can also provide assurance to trust boards that organisational compliance has been systematically reviewed.

The framework is intended to be useful for directors of infection prevention and control, medical directors and directors of nursing rather than imposing an additional burden. This is a decision that will be taken locally although organisations must ensure they have alternative appropriate internal assurance mechanisms in place.

2. Legislative framework

The legislative framework is in place to protect service users and staff from avoidable harm in a healthcare setting. We have structured the framework around the existing 10 criteria set out in the Code of Practice on the prevention and control of infection which links directly to Regulation 12 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 places wide-ranging duties on employers, who are required to protect the 'health, safety and welfare' at work of all their employees, as well as others on their premises, including temporary staff, casual workers, the self-employed, clients, visitors and the general public. The legislation also imposes a duty on staff to take reasonable care of health and safety at work for themselves and for others, and to cooperate with employers to ensure compliance with health and safety requirements.

Robust risk assessment processes are central to protecting the health, safety and welfare of patients, service users and staff under both pieces of legislation. Where it is not possible to eliminate risk, organisations must assess and mitigate risk and provide safe systems of work. In the context of COVID-19, there is an inherent level of risk for NHS staff who are

treating and caring for patients and service users and for the patients and service users themselves in a healthcare setting. All organisations must therefore ensure that risks are identified, managed and mitigated appropriately.

Infection Prevention and Control board assurance framework

1. Systems are in place to manage and monitor the prevention and control of infection. These systems use risk assessments and consider the susceptibility of service users and any risks posed by their environment and other service users **Key lines of enquiry Mitigating Actions Evidence Gaps in Assurance** Systems and processes are in place Patients are all tested on admission for Documentation and audit Actions: COVID-19, unless they have been pre- of this process. o ensure: Set up an screened within 72 hours of admission. admission infection risk is assessed at If they have not been screened within assessment the front door and this is 72 hours of admission patients are document on documented in patient notes isolated with purple precautions. This Lorenzo process is documented in the inpatient Each area as part admission screening COVID-19 of re-introduction of flowchart. Symptoms are reassessed services is on admission. responsible for including a robust Moving forward: process for carrying When restarting services it is advised out the verbal that patients will be allocated to COVID telephone and Non-COVID pathways prior to assessment prior to admission via verbal telephone admission to assessment or pre-admission screening allocate the correct test. pathway. This includes patients attending OPD. Patients should not attend OPD if positive or suspected COVID.

unless under

| | | exceptional circumstances. |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| patients with possible or confirmed COVID-19 are not moved unless this is appropriate for their care or reduces the risk of transmission | Patients are currently admitted to an appropriate area within the Trust according to their COVID status and their specialty. We have allocated areas for suspected, positive, and non-COVID. This includes shielding of patients as appropriate and patients that need to be isolated for other infection control reasons. Moving forward: When restarting services patients will be allocated to COVID and Non-COVID pathways prior to admission via verbal telephone assessment or preadmission screening test. This will inform which pathway the patient will take and which area as above they will be allocated to. | N/A |
| compliance with the PHE national around discharge or transfer of COVID-19 positive patients | The Trust has a COVID-19 transfer and discharge procedure in place for this group of patients. This document is compliant with Covid-19 Government discharge guidance. A patient interhospital transfer checklist is available on Lorenzo. | |

| patients and staff are protected with PPE, as per the PHE returned automatics. | All of our procedures/ posters in relation to PPE follow PHE guidance. | N/A | N/A |
|--|--|-----|-----|
| is regularly checked for updates and any changes are effectively communicated to staff in a timely way | This is undertaken by the IPCT and is reflected in the guidance we issue. | | |
| changes to PHE are brought to the attention of boards and any risks and mitigating actions are highlighted | Changes to PHE Guidance are taken through Command and Control. | | |
| risks are reflected in risk registers and the Board Assurance Framework where appropriate | The risk register is regularly updated and monitored via Command and Control at present as well as through the ICPPC and QRMG. | | |
| robust IPC risk assessment processes and practices are in place for non COVID-19 infections and pathogens | All policies and Procedures for IPC are maintained and available to staff. | | |

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|---|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| ensure: | PPE training has and continues to be carried out. Pictorial process posters are available in all donning and doffing areas. | Record of training required | |
| TECHNECI TECHNIQUES AND USE | This is provided by OCS and they are following this guidance as part of the hospital contract. PPE donning and Doffing training has been provided. | | |
| decontamination of isolation rooms or cohort areas is carried out in line with PHE | This is carried out in line with our Trust contract with OCS. Guidance for the cleaning of isolation areas is available in all rooms and bays and outlined in DN011 Cleaning and disinfection Procedure and DN089 Isolation and Standard Precautions Procedure. All IC procedures are available on the Trust intranet. | | |
| increased frequency of cleaning in areas that have higher environmental contamination rates as set out in the PHE | Cleaning in surge areas and CCA is carried out twice daily and ward areas are cleaned once a day. Cleaners are available in these areas 8-8 7 days a week. | | |

| | tems and process are in place nsure: arrangements around antimicrobial stewardship are maintained | Microbiologists are involved with daily ward rounds of all CCA patients including those in the surge areas. Pharmacists complete rounds in all areas. | | |
|-----|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Key | lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
| | Ensure appropriate antimicro antimicrobial resistance | bial use to optimise patient outcomes | and to reduce the risk of | adverse events and |
| | | DN089 Cleaning and Disinfection Procedure. | | |
| | in line with local and PHE | killing enveloped viruses as per PHE guidance. This is also captured in | | |
| • | reusable equipment is appropriately decontaminated | a chlorine based product or Green clinell wipes which are effective at | | |
| | | Audit. We are cleaning equipment with either | | |
| | to Single Use Policy | Cleaning standards are monitored via HII8 Cleaning and Decontamination | | |
| • | single use items are used where possible and according | used. If reusable items are used these are cleaned in line with PHE guidance. | | |
| | | washing process. Where possible single use items are | | |
| | | laundry has confirmed that both alginate bags will dissolve during the | | |
| | | COVID-19 patients using two red bags instead of red and then white. The | | |
| | taken | layer of protection by double bagging infected linen from confirmed suspected | | |
| | and the appropriate precautions are | Isolation and Standard Precautions procedure. We are adding an extra | | |
| | is managed in line with PHE | and is reflected in DN011 Cleaning and disinfection procedure and DN089 | | |
| • | linen from possible and | The PHE guidance is being followed | | |

mandatory reporting requirements are adhered to and boards continue to maintain oversight

All mandatory reporting continues. There is always a board member as gold command at C and C (Command and Control Meeting), which achieves oversite of the IC issues relating to COVID-19.

4. Provide suitable accurate information on infections to service users, their visitors and any person concerned with providing further support or nursing/ medical care in a timely fashion

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| Systems and processes are in place to ensure: implementation of | All department leads are aware of the national visitor guidance restrictions, and where required bespoke IC advice is given to assist with the safe management of visitors to the Trust. | | |
| areas in which suspected or confirmed COVID-19 patients are where possible being treated in areas marked with appropriate signage and where appropriate with restricted access | Patients with COVID -19 or suspected of having COVID-19 are being nursed in enclosed surge areas in blue precautions, or in single rooms on ward areas with purple and purple plus precautions. Surge areas are in full blue precautions as AGP's are practiced consistently and most patients are ventilated in these areas. | | |
| information and guidance on COVID-19 is available on all Trust websites with easy read versions | COVID staff hub is located on the intranet with relevant documents and information. | | |

infection status is communicated to the receiving organisation or department when a possible or confirmed COVID-19 patient needs to be moved

This is covered in our COVID-19 Discharge/ transfer procedure and checklist is on Lorenzo. Handover is completed by the transferring area.

5. Ensure prompt identification of people who have or are at risk of developing an infection so that they receive timely and appropriate treatment to reduce the risk of transmitting infection to other people

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|---|--|---|---|
| Systems and processes are in place to ensure: • front door areas have appropriate triaging arrangements in place to cohort patients with possible or confirmed COVID-19 symptoms to minimise the risk of cross-infection | The IPCT have put together a document for the re-introduction of services and this is covered in this. | This is in progress and will be completed prior to the restart of services. | Some services have been restarted and individual IC advice on how to manage these patients safely has been given. |
| patients with suspected COVID-19 are tested promptly patients that test negative but display or go on to develop symptoms of COVID-19 are segregated and promptly re- tested | All patients are tested on or before admission and isolated with appropriate precautions. Patients are reviewed regularly and testing is carried out in line with PHE guidance. | | Action: COVID-19 procedure in progress. |
| patients that attend for routine appointments who display symptoms of COVID- 19 are managed appropriately | This is covered in the IPCT Reintroduction of services document. Patients who are symptomatic should not attend OPD. If the patient needs to come in regardless symptoms they will be admitted to a ward area. | In progress | Some services have been restarted and individual IC advice on how to manage these patients safely has been given. |

6. Systems to ensure that all care workers (including contractors and volunteers) are aware of and discharge their responsibilities in the process of preventing and controlling infection

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|---|---|-------------------|---|
| Systems and processes are in place to ensure: all staff (clinical and non-clinical) have appropriate training, in line with latest PHE accesses, to ensure their personal safety and working environment is safe | All staff carryout IC training annually as part of their mandatory training. This is recorded on ESR. | | |
| all staff providing patient care are trained in the selection and use of PPE appropriate for the clinical situation and on how to safely don and doff it | Donning and doffing training as per the PHE guidance has been carried out across the Trust. For assurance this will be recorded on health roster. | | Actions: Skill to be added to healt roster for donning and doffing training to provide assurance. |
| a record of staff training is maintained | All staff carryout IC training annually as part of their mandatory training. This is recorded on ESR. | | As above. |
| PPF in line with the | PPE is regularly reviewed by the Estates Team and Infection Control and if PPE needs to be reused the PHE guidance within the CAS alert will be followed. | | |
| any incidents relating to the re-use of PPE are monitored and appropriate action taken | Any incidents would be reported via DATIX system | | |

| • | adherence to PHE manual on the use of PPE is regularly audited | A monthly isolation audit is carried out to monitor compliance along with regular walk rounds by the IPCT. |
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| | staff regularly undertake hand hygiene and observe standard infection control precautions | All Infection Control Audits are being carried out and results reported to the appropriate areas. If scores are low action plans are required and completed. |
| ٠ | staff understand the requirements for uniform laundering where this is not provided for on site | Guidance on how to launder staff uniforms has been publicised in daily staff briefings and is contained within DN001A Uniform Procedure. |
| • | all staff understand the symptoms of COVID-19 and take appropriate action in line | Staff are aware of the guidance and this has been published regularly in the Daily Staff Briefing. The COVID-19 Self-Isolation Management Protocol is used by Work force and HR to manage this. |

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|---|--|-------------------|--------------------|
| Systems and processes are n place to ensure: | Surge areas and CCA have full COVID areas under blue precautions. Ward patients are isolated in single rooms on | | |
| patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 are where possible | ward areas with appropriate precautions | | |
| isolated in appropriate facilities or designated areas where appropriate | Moving forward: Areas have been asked to look at how their patients can be split into COVID and NON-COVID pathways and split areas appropriately according to national guidance. IPC Reintroduction of services document has been created to assist with this process. | | |
| areas used to cohort patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 are compliant with the environmental requirements set out in the current PHE | This is carried out in line with our Trust contract with OCS. Guidance for the cleaning of isolation areas is available in all rooms and bays and outlined in DN011 Cleaning and disinfection Procedure and DN089 Isolation and Standard Precautions Procedure. All IC procedures are available on the Trust intranet. | | |
| patients with resistant/alert organisms are managed according to local IPC guidance, including ensuring appropriate patient placement | All IPC policies and procedures are being followed alongside the implementation of COVID-19 PHE guidance. | | |

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|--|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| here are systems and processes in | · • | | |
| ace to ensure: testing is undertaken by competent and trained individuals | completed on nasal pharyngeal swab taking prior to COVID-19. Any staff requiring further education can contact the IPCT or Education. Posters and videos are available as part of this | | |
| patient and staff COVID-19 testing is undertaken promptly and in line with PHE national authors. | Screening Pathway and the De- escalation of infection control precautions for COVID patient's flow chart. Both available on the intranet. Screening of patients who become positive is undertaken as required and | | |
| screening for other potential infections takes place | advice is sought from the IPCT. As per existing policies and procedures. | | |
| | lesigned for the individual's care and p | orovider organisations th | nat will help to prevent |
| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |

| Key lines of enquiry | Evidence | Gaps in Assurance | Mitigating Actions |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 10. Have a system in place to mar | nage the occupational health needs an | d obligations of staff in r | |
| PPE stock is appropriately stored and accessible to staff who require it | Estates and Facilities ensure there is an adequate supply of PPE to all areas of the hospital that require it. PPE stock levels are monitored regularly and an update supplied to C and C on a daily basis. | | |
| confirmed or suspected | Estates and Facilities manage the disposal and storage of waste in accordance with PHE guidance. | | |
| quickly identified and effectively communicated to staff | The IPCT constantly monitors the PHE guidance. Changes are taken through C and C and communicated via the daily staff update. Additional communication and support with changes is provided by the IPCT. | | |
| olace to ensure that: staff are supported in | the IPCT and Education. The IPCN's can be contacted via bleep and the Microbiologists are on-site at the weekends and on call out of hours. | | |
| | Staff training and support is provided by | | |

| in place to ensure: | The COVID-19 staff risk assessment document is available on the intranet and is used by Line Managers, OH and | |
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| staff in 'at-risk' groups are identified and managed appropriately including | Workforce to manage the risk assessing of staff. Staff who are self-isolating are regularly | |
| ensuring their physical and psychological wellbeing is supported | followed up by the Keeping In Touch Team (KITT). | |
| staff required to wear FFP reusable respirators undergo training that is compliant with PHE and a record of this training is maintained | Fit testing continues and training record is entered on to health roster. | |
| staff absence and well-being are monitored and staff who are self-isolating are supported and able to access testing | Staff absence is reported to C and C daily and the KITT follow up staff regularly. Testing is accessed using the COVID-19 Self Isolation Management Protocol. | |
| staff that test positive have adequate information and support to aid their recovery and return to work. | Staff are regularly followed up by the KITT. | |